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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. An immunitation formulation, comprising:
 - a) an antigen; and
 - b) an emulsan or emulsan analog.
- 2. The immunization formulation of Claim 1, wherein the emulsan or emulsan analog is secreted from *Acinetobacter calcoaceticus*.
- 3. The immunization formulation of Claim 2, wherein the emulsan or emulsan analog is secreted from *Acinetobacter calcoaceticus* RAG-1.
- The immunization formulation of Claim 1, wherein the formulation includes an emulsan analog.
 - 5. The immunization formulation of Claim 4, wherein the emulsan analog is secreted by a mutant of *Acinetobacter calcoaceticus*.
 - 6. The immunization formulation of Claim 5, wherein the emulsan analog is secreted by a transposon mutant of *Acinetobacter calcoaceticus*.
 - 7. The immunization formulation of Claim 4, wherein the emulsan analog has an average fatty acid chain length in a range of between about 10 carbons and about 20 carbons.

- 8. The immunization formulation of Claim 4, wherein the emulsan analog has a fatty acid density in a range of between about 25 nmol/mg emulsan and about 900 nmol/mg emulsan.
- 9. The immunization formulation of Claim 4, wherein the emulsan analog has an amount of saturated bonds in fatty acids of the analog in a range of between about 80 mole % and about 100 mole %.
 - 10. The immunization formulation of Claim 4, wherein the emulsan analog has an amount of hydroxylated fatty acids in a range of up to 65 mole %.
- 11. The immunization formulation of Claim 4, wherein the emulsan analog is formed by feeding *Acinetobacter calcoaceticus* or a mutant thereof a compound selected from the group consisting of fatty acids, fatty acid salts, hydroxylated fatty acid salts and complex carbon sources that include fatty acids, said group having a carbon chain length in a range of between about 10 carbons and about 20 carbons.
- 15 12. The immunization formulation of Claim 1, wherein the antigen is selected from the group consisting of peptides, polypeptides, viruses, bacteria, fungi, and parasites.
 - 13. The immunization formulation of Claim 12, wherein the antigen is dinitrophenol coupled to keyhole limpet hemocyanin.
- 20 14. A method of stimulating a cytokine in a host, comprising the step of administering to the post an emulsan or an emulsan analog.

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- 15. The method of Claim 14, wherein the emulsan or emulsan analog is administered in an amount sufficient to cause immunomodulation of the host.
- 16. The method of Claim 15, further including the step of administering to said host an antigen.
- 5 17. The method of Claim 14, wherein the antigen is selected from the group consisting of peptides, polypeptides, viruses, bacteria, fungi, and parasites.
 - 18. The method of Claim 17, wherein the antigen is dinitrophenol coupled to keyhole limpet hemocyanin.
- 19. The method of Claim 15, further including the step of secreting said emulsan or emulsan analog from Acinetobacter calcoaceticus.
 - 20. The method of Claim 19, wherein the emulsan or emulsan analog is secreted from Acinetobacter calcodceticus RAG-1.
 - 21. The method of Claim 15, wherein an emulsan analog is administered to the host.
- The method of Claim 21, further including the steps of secreting said emulsan analog from a mutant of *Acinetobacter calcoaceticus*.
 - 23. The method of Claim 22, wherein the emulsan analog is secreted by a transposon mutant of *Acinetobacter calcoaceticus*.
 - 24. The method of Claim 21, wherein the emulsan analog has a fatty acid chain length in a range of between about 10 carbons and about 20 carbons.

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- 25. The method of Claim 21, wherein the emulsan analog has a fatty acid density in a range of between about 25 nmol/mg emulsan and about 900 nmol/mg emulsan.
- 26. The method of Claim 21, wherein the emulsan analog has an amount of saturated bonds in fatty acids of the analog in a range of between about 80 mole % and about 100 mole %.
- 27. The method of Claim 21, wherein the emulsan analog has an amount of hydroxylated fatty acids up to about 65 mole %.
- 28. The method of Claim 21, wherein the emulsan analog is formed by feeding

 Acinetobacter calcoaceticus or a mutant thereof a compound selected from the
 group consisting of fatty acids, fatty acid salts, hydroxylated fatty acid salts and
 complex carbon sources that include fatty acids, said group having a carbon
 chain length in a range of between about 10 carbons and about 20 carbons.
 - 29. The method of Claim 14, wherein the host is a cell-line.
 - 30. The method of Claim 14, wherein the host is a mammal.
- 15 31. The method of Claim 30, wherein the emulsan or emulsan analog is administered to the host intramuscularly.
 - 32. A method of producing an emulsan analog, comprising the steps of:
 - a) mutating Acinetobacter calcoaceticus by transposon mutagenesis to form

 Acinetobacter calcoaceticus mutants; and
- b) feeding at least one of said mutants a compound selected from the group consisting of fatty acids, fatty acid salts, hydroxylated fatty acid salts and complex carbon sources that include fatty acids, said group having a

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carbon chain length in a range of between about 10 carbons and about 20 carbons.

- 33. The method of Claim 32, further including the step of screening the mutants for a mutant that secretes an emulsan analog having a fatty acid chain length in a range of between about 10 carbons and about 20 carbons.
- 34. The method of Claim 32, further including the step of screening the mutants for a mutant that secretes an emulsan analog having a fatty acid density in a range of between about 25 nmol/mg emulsan and about 900 nmol/mg emulsan.
- The method of Claim 32, further including the step of screening the mutants for a mutant that secretes an emulsan analog having an amount of saturated bonds in fatty acids of the analog in a range of between 80 mole % and about 100 mole %.
 - 36. The method of Claim 32, further including the step of screening the mutants for a mutant that secretes an emulsan analog having an amount of hydroxylated fatty acids up to about 65 mole %.
- 15 37. A formulation comprising an antigen and an emulsan for stimulating an immune response in an organism.
 - A formulation comprising an antigen and an emulsan analog for stimulating an immune response in an organism.

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